## Review

-Regression, $\chi^{2}$, ANOVA
-What Test or Confidence Interval?
-Top Ten Mistakes
-Thoughts on Probability

## Regression, $\chi^{2}$, ANOVA

- Regression: Two quantitative variables, interested in predicting $y$ given $x$ or see how $y$ changes as $x$ changes.
- Goodness of Fit: Given a frequency table, does it fit a known distribution?
- Test for Independence: Are two Categories Independent or Dependent?
- Test for Homogeneity: Two frequency tables given. Do they have the same distribution?
- 1-Way-ANOVA: Are all (more than 2) means the same? More than 2 quantitative variables.
- Test for 2 Variances: Are the Stand. Dev. Equal?


## What Test or Confidence Interval?

| Estimate or <br> Decision | Mean or <br> Proportion | Sigma Known <br> or Unknown | 1 or 2 <br> Samples | Dependent or <br> Independent | Conclusion |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Estimate | Mean | Known | 1 | NA | ZInterval |
| Estimate | Mean | Unknown | 1 | NA | TInterval |
| Estimate | Prop | NA | 1 | NA | 1PropZInt |
| Estimate | Mean | Known | 2 | Independ. | 2SampZInt |
| Estimate | Mean | Unknown | 2 | Independ. | 2SampTInt |
| Estimate | Mean | Known | 2 | Depend. | ZInt (L1-L2) |
| Estimate | Mean | Unknown | 2 | Depend. | Tint (L1-L2) |
| Estimate | Prop | NA | 2 | NA | 2PropZInt |

## What Test?

| Estimate or <br> Decision | Mean or <br> Proportion | Sigma Known <br> or Unknown | or 2 <br> Samples | Dependent or <br> Independent | Conclusion |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Decision | Mean | Known | 1 | NA | ZTest |
| Decision | Mean | Unknown | 1 | NA | TTest |
| Decision | Prop | NA | 1 | NA | 1PropZTest |
| Decision | Mean | Known | 2 | Independ. | 2SampZTest |
| Decision | Mean | Unknown | 2 | Independ. | 2SampTTest |
| Decision | Mean | Known | 2 | Depend. | ZTest (L1-L2) |
| Decision | Mean | Unknown | 2 | Depend. | TTest (L1-L2) |
| Decision | Prop | NA | 2 | NA | 2PropZTest |

## Top 10 Mistakes

1. Say $n>30$ for a proportion.
2. Say $n p, n q>5$ for a mean.
3. Use definitive language for regression.
4. $\quad$ Say $n>30$ to justify $Z$ instead of $T$.
5. Confuse the three $\chi^{2}$ tests.
6. Accepting $\mathrm{H}_{0}$ in the conclusion statement.
7. Refer to the sample instead of the population when interpreting the CI or Hyp test.
8. Forgetting to subtract $P(A$ and $B)$ when finding $\mathrm{P}(A$ or $B)$.
9. Trying to multiply probabilities when reading from a table.
10. Forgetting to divide by the square root of $n$ when finding a probability involving means.

## Thoughts on Probability

## General Probability

$P(A)=\frac{\# A}{\# S}$
$P(A \mid B)=\frac{P(A \text { and } B)}{P(B)}$
$P(A$ or $B)=P(A)+P(B)-P(A$ and $B)$
$A$ and $B$ independent:
$P(A$ and $B)=P(A) P(B)$
$P(A \mid B)=P(A)$

Tables Row A, Column B
$P(A$ and $B)=\frac{A B \text { cell }}{\text { Grand Total }}$

$$
P(A)=\frac{\text { Row } A \text { Total }}{\text { Grand Total }}
$$

$$
P(B)=\frac{\text { Column } B \text { Total }}{\text { Grand Total }}
$$

$$
P(A \mid B)=\frac{A B \text { Cell }}{\text { Column } B \text { Total }}
$$

